Ethics, justice, and the states

1. Natural versus Conventional Rights
   1. Definitions
      1. Natural
         1. One that doesn’t depend on any historical contingency or conventional agreements.
         2. Examples
            1. Free speech
            2. Freedom of assembly
      2. Convention
         1. Those enacted by laws
   2. Locke – in the absence of a conventional/legal system of property rights, one legitimately acquires property by “mixing one’s labor” with previously unowned material
   3. 2 limits to this “original appropriation”
      1. “Enough is as good” be left for others
      2. What is appropriated not to go to waste